PCI-1712 PCI-1712L

1MS/s, 12-bit High-speed Multifunction Card 1MS/s, 12-bit High-speed Multifunction Card w/o AO function



Features

- PCI-bus mastering for data transfer
- 16 single-ended, 8 differential or a combination of analog inputs
- 12-bit A/D converter, with up to 1 MHz sampling rate
- Pre-, post-, about- and delay-trigger data acquisition modes for analog input channels
- Programmable gain for each analog input channel
- Automatic channel/SD*/BU* scanning
- On-board FIFO buffer storing up to 1K samples for A/D and 32K samples for D/A
- Two 12-bit analog output channels with continuous waveform output function
- Auto calibration of analog input and output channels
- 16 digital input and output channels
- Three 16-bit programmable multifunction counter/timers on 10 MHz

Introduction

The PCI-1712/1712L is a powerful high-speed multifunction card for the PCI bus. It features a 1 MHz 12-bit A/D converter, an onboard FIFO buffer (storing up to 1 K samples for A/D, and up to 32 K samples for D/A conversion). The PCI-1712 provides a total of up to 16 single-ended or 8 differential A/D input channels or a mixed combination, two 12-bit D/A output channels, 16 digital input/output channels, and three 10MHz 16-bit multifunction counter channels. PCI-1712/1712L provides specific functions for different user requirements:

Specifications

Analog Input

Anaiog input							
Channels	16 Single-Ended or 8 Differential or Combination						
Resolution		12-bit		FIFO Size		1 K samples	
Max. Sampling Rate		M	fulti-channel, single gain: 1 MS/s lulti-channel, multi gain: 600 kS/s nnel, multi gain, unipolar/bipolar: 400 kS/s				
Common Mode voltage	±11 V max. (operational)						
		Gain	0.5	1	2	4	8
Input Range and Gain List	Unipolar		N/A	0 ~ 10	0 ~ 5	0 ~ 2.5	0 ~ 1.25
duiii Eist	Bipolar		±10	±5	±2.5	±1.25	±0.625
	Gain		0.5	1	2	4	8
Drift	Zero (μV/° C)		±80	±30	±30	±30	±30
	Gain (ppm/° C)		±30	±30	±30	±30	±30
Small Signal	Gain		0.5	1	2	4	8
Bandwidth for PGA	Bandwidth		4.0 MHz	4.0 MHz	2.0 MHz	1.5 MHz	0.65 MHz
Max. Input Voltage		±20 V		Input Protect 30 Vp-p			Vp-p
Input Impedance	100Ω 10pF (0ff); 100Ω 100pF (0n)						
Trigger Mode	Software, On-board Programmable Pacer or External, Pre-trigger, Post-trigger, Delay-trigger, About-trigger						
Accuracy	DNLE: ±1LSB; INLE: ±1LSB; Offset error < 1LSB					LSB	
	DC	Gain	0.5	1	2	4	8
		Gain Error: (% FSR)	0.15	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.1
	AC SNR: 68 dB; ENOB: 11 bits; THD: -75 dB typical						

Digital Input /Output

Input Channels	16		Number of ports	2 (8-ch/port)	
Innut	Low	0.8 V max.	High	2.0V min.	
Input Voltage	Low	0.5 V max. @ +24 mA (sink)	High	2.4 V min. @ -15 mA (source)	

Note: The sampling rate depends on the computer hardware architecture and software environment. The rates may vary due to programming language, code efficiency, CPU utilization and more.

Analog Output

Channels	2			
Resolution	12-bit	FIFO Size	32 K samples	
Operation Mode	Single output, continuous output, waveform output			
Output Range (Internal & External Reference)	Using Internal Reference	0 ~ +5 V, 0 ~ +10 V, -5 ~ +5 V, -10 ~ +10 V		
	Using External	ernal 0 ~ +x V @ +x V (-10 ≤ x ≤ 1		
	Reference	$-x \sim +x \ V \ @ +x \ V \ (-10 \le x \le 10)$		
	Relative	±1 LSB		
Accuracy	Differential Non-linearity	±1 LSB (monotonic)		
Offset	<1 LSB	Slew Rate 20 V/µs		
Drift	10 ppm/° C	Driving Capability ±10 m/		
Max. Transfer Rate	Single Channel: 1 MS/s max. for FSR			
	Dual Channel: 500 kS/s max. for FSR			
Output Impedance	0.1 Ω max. Max. Digital Update Rate 5 MHz		5 MHz	
Settling Time	2 μs (to ±1/2 LSB of FSB)			

Counter/Timer

Channels		3	Resolution	16-bit	
Compatibility	TTL level	Max. Input Frequency		10 MHz	
BASE Clock		10 MHz, 1 MHz, 100 KHz, 10 KHz			
Clock Input	Low	0.8 V max. High 2.		2.0 V min.	
Gate Input	Low	0.8 V max.	High	2.0 V min.	
Counter	Low	0.5 V max. @ +24 mA	High 2.0 V min. @ -1		

General

I/O Connector Type	68-pin SCSI-II female		
Dimensions	175 x 100 mm (6.9" x 3.9")		
Power Consumption	Typical	+5 V @ 850 mA; +12 V @ 600 mA	
	Max.	+5 V @ 1 A; +12 V @ 700 mA	
Temperature	Operating	0 ~ 60° C (32 ~ 140° F)	
		(refer to IEC 68-2-1, 2)	
	Storage	-20 ~ 85° C (-4 ~ 185° F)	
Relative Humidity	5 ~ 95 % RH non-condensing (refer to IEC 68-2-3)		
Certification	CE certified		

Ordering Information

PCI-1712 1MS/s, 12-bit High-speed Multifunction Card, user's manual and driver CD-ROM. (cable not included)

1MS/s. 12-bit High-speed Multifunction Card w/o PCI-1712L AO, user's manual and driver CD-ROM. (cable not

included)

PCLD-8712 Industrial Wiring Terminal Board for DIN-rail mounting.

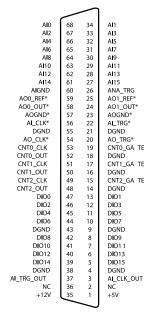
(cable not included)

68-pin SCSI-II cable with male connectors on both PCL-10168 ends and special shielding for noise reduction, 1 and 2

 ADAM-3968 68-pin SCSI-II Wiring Terminal Board for DIN-rail

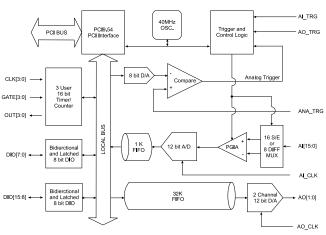
Mounting

Pin Assignments



*: Pin 20, 22~25, 54, 56~59 are not defined on PCI-1712L

Block Diagram



Feature Details

PCI-bus Mastering Data Transfer

PCI-1712 and PCI-1712L support PCI-Bus mastering DMA for high-speed data transfer and gap-free analog input and analog output. By setting aside a block of memory in the PC, PCI-1712 and PCI-1712L perform bus-mastering data transfers without CPU intervention, setting the CPU free to perform other more urgent tasks such as data analysis and graphic manipulation. The function allows users to run all I/O functions simultaneously at full speed without losing data.

Plug & Play Function

PCI-1712 and PCI-1712L are Plug & Play devices, which fully complies with the PCI Specification Rev 2.2. During card installation, there is no need to set any jumpers or DIP switches. Instead, all bus-related configurations such as base I/O address and interrupt are automatically done by the Plug & Play function.

On-board FIFO Memory

PCI-1712 provides an on-board FIFO (First In First Out) memory buffer, storing up to 1K samples for A/D and 32K for D/A conversion.

Automatic Channel/Gain/SD*/BU* Scanning

PCI-1712 and PCI-1712L feature an automatic channel/Gain/SD/BU scanning circuit. This circuit controls multiplexer switching during sampling in a way that is much more efficient than software implementation. Onboard SRAM stores different gain, SD and BU values for each channel. This combination lets users perform multi-channel high-speed sampling with different gain, SD and BU values for each channel.

SD: Single-Ended/Differential; BU: Bipolar/Unipolar

Flexible Triggering and Clocking Capabilities

PCI-1712 and PCI-1712L provide flexibility in triggering action, both in the available trigger modes and trigger events for analog input. You can acquire data using post-trigger, pre-trigger, delay-trigger and about-trigger modes. The trigger source could be either an analog or digital signal. The analog trigger could originate from a dedicated input pin. In fact, you can designate any of the analog input channels as the analog trigger input. You can set the analog trigger level within a voltage range from zero to A/D FSR. With the trigger signal being digital, you can pace A/D and D/A conversion using software interrupt, internal or external clock.

Continuous Analog Output (PCI-1712 only)

PCI-1712 provides two analog output channels. Both can perform continuous waveform output. The analog output can be up to 500 kS/s for each analog output channel. Or you can load a cyclic waveform into an on-board FIFO, which will continuously output the cyclic waveform. The on-board FIFO of the PCI-1712 can store 2 to 32K samples of the waveform

On-board Programmable Multifunction Counter/Timer

PCI-1712 and PCI-1712L are equipped with 3 programmable multifunction counter/timers, which can serve as a pacer trigger for A/D conversion. The counter chip is an 82C54 or equivalent, which incorporates three 16-bit channels on a 10 MHz clock. And then we enhance the gate and clock input function for more applications, of event counting, pulse generation, duty cycle frequency generation, one shot, frequency measurement and pulse width measurement.

> **ADVANTECH** Last updated : January 2005